

# DISCUSSION OF THE MAXWELL DISTRIBUTION LAW

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$$d\eta_{c} = 4\pi n \vec{a} e^{bc^{2}} c^{2} dc - C$$

$$\Rightarrow bc^{2} = \chi^{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow b c dc = 2x dx$$

$$\Rightarrow dc = \frac{\kappa dx}{bc}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{d\eta_{c}}{\eta} = \frac{4\pi b}{(\pi)^{3/2}} e^{-x^{2}} c^{2} x dx$$

$$= 4\pi^{-1/2} b^{1/2} c e^{-x^{2}} x dx$$

$$\frac{d\eta_{c}}{\eta} = 4\pi^{-1/2} x^{2} e^{-x^{2}} dx$$

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 $P(c) = 4\pi \left(\frac{m}{2\pi KT}\right)^{3/2} e^{-mc^{2}/2kT}$ P(c) = 0 when c = 02) At Low values &c, mc <1 Must prub speed Cmax or Cpeak P(c) = 0

 $4\left(\frac{m}{2\pi kT}\right)^{2}\frac{d}{dc} \left[ c^{2} e^{\frac{-mc}{2kT}} = 0 \right]$ on  $2ce^{-m^2/2|KT} + ce^{-m^2/2|KT} \left(-\frac{2cm}{2|KT}\right) = 6$  P(c)) Cmax on Cpeak = J2KT  $|P(c)|_{\text{max}} = 4\Pi \left(\frac{m}{2\pi kT}\right)^{3/2} c_{\text{max}}^2 = \frac{m(mx)}{2kT}$ 

## MEAN OR AVERAGE SPEED

Cone on 
$$C_{aV} = \int_{aV}^{\infty} c P(c) dc$$

$$= \int_{aV}^{\infty} c \frac{\sqrt{M}}{2\pi kT} \frac{\sqrt{J}}{2} \frac{J}{2} \frac{\sqrt{J}}{2} \frac{\sqrt{J}}{2} \frac{\sqrt{J}}{2} \frac{\sqrt{J}}{2} \frac{\sqrt{J}}{2} \frac{J}{2} \frac{\sqrt{J}}{2} \frac{\sqrt{J}}{2}$$

# MEAN SQUARE SPEED

$$\frac{(C_{mean})^2 \text{ oft } c^2 = \int_0^2 c^2 p(c) dc}{\int_0^2 c^4 e^{2kT} dc} = \frac{3}{8} \int_{(m/2kT)}^{TT} \int_0^5 c^4 e^{2kT} dc = \frac{3}{8} \int_{(m/2kT)}^{TT} \int_0^5 c^4 e^{2kT} dc = \frac{3}{8} \int_0^{TT} \int_0^{TT} dc = \frac{3}{8} \int_0^{TT} dc = \frac{3}{8}$$

#### ROOT MEAN SQUARE SPEED

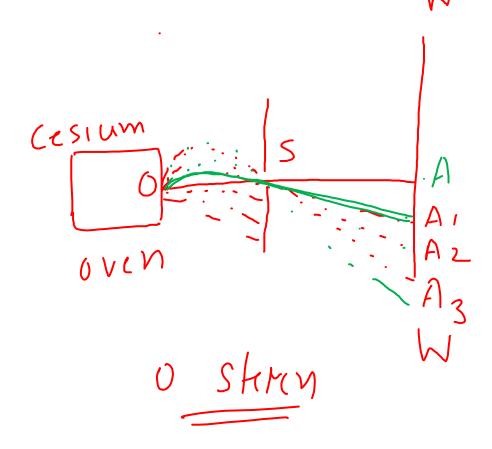
$$z^2 = 3kT$$

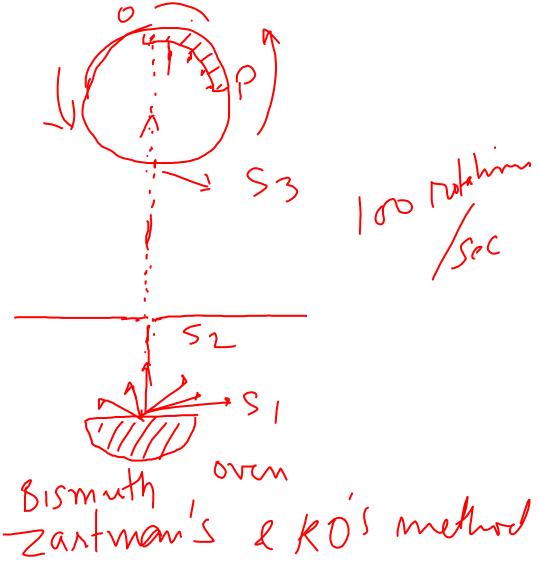
$$C_{\text{MmS}} = \sqrt{C^2} = \sqrt{\frac{3kT}{m}}$$

CHMS Croms > Comean > Comp.

## EXPERIMENTAL VERIFICATION OF MAXWELL

DISTRIBUTION LAW





## LAW OF EQUIPARTITION OF ENERGY

$$\frac{3}{2}KT$$
av  $kE$  per mul per deg of freedom
$$\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{3}{2}kT = \frac{1}{2}kT$$

of friedom No of particles of the k) no of molipsendent relations but them Monoalome gas 3N-K 3XI-0=3

Diatomic 3N-K

3x2-1=5

Tripatoma 3N-K=3x3-2=7

3N-K $-33\times3-3=6$ 

# THANK YOU