Shivaji College, University of Delhi DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE ASSIGNMENT ACADEMIC YEAR 2023-2024

Name of the course : Bsc. (PS) with Computer Sc.

Name of the paper : Data Structures

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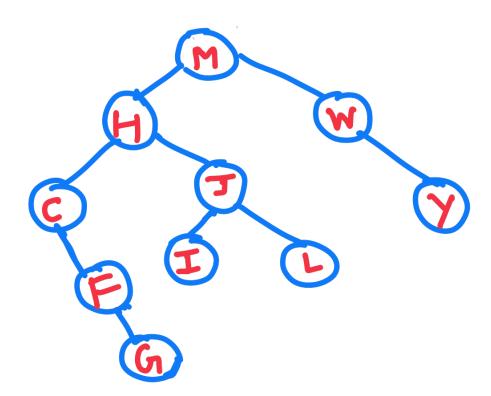
Q1. State true or false:

- 1. QUEUES use the LIFO method of access
- 2. A Doubly linked List uses more space than a Singly Linked List
- 3. Implementation of Recursion uses the concept of a queue
- 4. The arithmetic expression that uses parenthesis to define the order of evaluation is POSTFIX.
- 5. The nodes of a tree that have no children are called INTERNAL nodes.
- 6. A priority Q reorders the elements after each addition.
- 7. Nodes of a Binary Tree May have 0 1 or 2 children.
- 8. Addition and deletion is possible from both ends of a Dequeue
- Q2. (a) Construct a Binary Search Tree by successive insertion of the following keys showing the tree after each insertion :

27, 13, 89, 56, 34, 8, 67, 16, 4, 91

Q 3. Consider the following binary search tree:

Show the status of the tree after each of the following operations:



- (I) Draw the the tree after insertion of a node with value 'K'
- (II) Delete the node with the value 'H' from the resultant tree.
- (III)) Perform Inorder, Preorder and Postorder Traversals on the resultant Binary Tree Also perform Breadth First Traversal on this tree.
- (IV). Is the resultant tree a height balanced tree. Justify your answer.
- (V) Now delete the node with the value 'M' from the resultant tree.
- (c) What is a height balanced Tree. Explain using a suitable example.
- Q3. Solve the following postfix expression using a stack . Show the position of stack at every step

```
53+62/*35*+
```

- Q4. Write the recursive function for calculating the factorial of a number.

 Now write a main program to call this function to print a table of factorials of 4 to 15
- Q5. What will be the output of the following function for the given linked list

```
1 -> 2 -> 3 -> 4 ->5

Void func (Node *head)
{ if (head==null)
    return;
    (func (Head -> next);
    Cout << head ->data;
}

Q6. Sort the following Data using insertion sort
    44, 23, 51, 5, 61, 89, 2, 55
    Show the list after each iteration.
```

- Q7. (a) Write the class definition of the node of a doubly linked list.
 - (b) write a function to add a node to a sorted singly linked list such that the list remains sorted The function takes head Of the list as a parameter.
 - (c) What operation does the following code perform on a singly linked list accessed by the node pointer head. Explain how int test ()

```
{ int temp;
for ( node*temp=head, a=0;temp!=0;temp = temp -> next, a++);
return a; }
```

Shaine