SHIVAJI COLLEGE, UNIVERSITY OF DELHI

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

INTERNAL TEST (Academic Year 2023-24)

Name of the Course : GE-2 Semester : II

Name of the Paper : DAVP Faculty Name : Dr. K.K.S. Gautam

Duration : 1 Hour Maximum Marks: 24

Date of Test : 03.04.2024

SET A

- 1. Explain data analysis with diagram.
- 2. Explain Turkey box plot. And find out the outliers of given values: -91 95 54 69 80 85 88 73 71 70 66 90 86 84 73
- 3. To search an array, use the where () method and values is 4. a = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 4, 4])
- 4. Create an array of all zeros, all ones and a constant array.
- 5. Explain NumPy data types. Who was created numpy and in which year?
- 6. What is data cleaning and what are the methods for data cleaning?

SET B

- 1. Differentiate between Series and DataFrame with suitable example. Who was created pandas and in which year?
- 2. How to Increase the maximum number of rows to display the entire DataFrame?
- 3. CSV, JSON stands for. How to load Files into a DataFrame?
- 4. Explain reshape (), concatenate () and stack arrays (vstack () & hstack ()).
- 5. Find the indexes where the values are even and odd: a = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8])
- 6. Explain the EDA. How to handle (NA handling methods) missing data?

SET C

- 1. Consider the given arr= [1,2,8,9,3,4,7,5,10,6]. What will be the resulting array of these operations are performed arr[2:5], arr[-5:-1], arr[::2] and get the third and fourth elements from the array and add them. Change data type from int to float.
- 2. Create an array num of size (2,3) filled with all zeros then insert [[1,2,3], [4,5,6]] into array. Identify the shape of the array num. and flattening the arrays.
- 3. Explain the term data collection.
- 4. Consider the following arrays:

```
arr1=np.array([[1,1,0], [9,8,7], [6,8,4]])
arr2=np.array([[[5,2,1], [2,1,8], [1,2,3], [4,5,6]]])
```

a. arr2[0] b. arr1[1,1] c. arr1[:2, -1] d. arr1[:2:]

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5. Consider the following list:

X1=[32,21,65,89,33,23,22,40,21,32,56,45,44,38,52]

- a. From x1 create a ndarray x2 with 5 rows and 3 columns.
- b. Find mean, median, variance of data in x2 along the rows.
- c. Find cumulative sum of rows in x2
- d. Sort the data in x2 along the columns.
- e. Replace values greater than 40 in x2.
- 6. Difference between copy and view with suitable example. What is Vectorization? And Add two Elements without using ufuncs.

SET D

- 1. Create a constant array, a 2x2 identity matrix and create an array filled with random values
- 2. What are ufuncs? Why use ufuncs? What is pandas and why use pandas?
- 3. To create a Series with an index identifying each data point with a label.
- 4. Explain Hierarchical indexing with example.
- 5. Differentiate between correlation and covariance with suitable example.
- 6. How to convert an array of strings to numeric form as using astype?

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