Shivaji College B.Sc (Hons.) Biochemistry, Semester-II Assignment Metabolism of Carbohydrates

Max. marks-30

1. Write down the reactions catalysed by following enzymes:

Triose Phosphate Isomerase Phosphoglycerate Kinase Galactokinase Pyruvate Dehydrogenase Complex Pyruvate Carboxylase UDP-Glucose pyrophosphorylase.

- 2. Differentiate between the following:
 - a. Alcoholic and Lactic Acid fermentation
 - b. Glycogen Synthesis and Breakdown
 - c. Preparatory and Payoff phase of Glycolysis
- 3. Explain how Isocitrate dehydrogenase Links the TCA cycle and Electron Transport Chain.
- 4. What is Leloir pathway? Discuss the role of enzymes of Leloir pathway.
- 5. Fluoroacetate is an extremely poisonous agent that blocks the TCA cycle. Explain.
- 6. Discuss the regulatory mechanism of Citrate Synthase.
- 7. What are Anaplerotic Reactions. Explain with example.
- 8. Discuss the Biochemical basis and physiological manifestation of the following disorders of metabolism:
 - a. Lactose Intolerance
 - b. Pompe
 - c. Von Gierke
- 9. Explain with reactions how metabolites of pentose phosphate pathway can be shuttled into glycolysis.
- 10. Discuss the regulation of Glycogen Synthase by Covalent Modification.

Shretanhite

Shivaji College B.Sc (Hons.) Biochemistry, Semester-II Test Metabolism of Carbohydrates

Max. marks-20

Attempt Any Four Questions:

- 1. Acetyl CoA is a connecting link between Glycolysis and TCA cycle. Explain with illustrations.
- 2. Discuss the cycling of NADH and NAD+ in glycolysis and the related fermentation reactions.
- 3. Discuss the Cori Cycle along with its importance.
- 4. List the reactions of Glycolysis that are energy yielding under standard state conditions.
- 5. Write the reactions for the entry of Sucrose in glycolysis.

Shedowhile